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CLINICAL PATHWAY DKA & Hyperosmolar

DRG NO 294

PATIENT IDENTIFICATION

Initiating UNIT:		Initiating DATE:		Initiating TIME:		DRG NO	RG NO: 294 LENG		TH OF STAY: 3.0		
	Day 1	1 DATE:		Day 2 DATE:			Day 3 DATE:				
DKA (M	lust meet all 4)	NONKETOTIC HYPEROSMOLAR SYNDROME									
BS > 300	Acidosis - ph - < 73			Plasma osmolarity > 320m Osm / Liter							
Ketonemia	Bicarb < 15	Osmolarity (mOsm/kg) = 2 [Na+(mEq/liter) + K + (mEq/liter)] + [BUN(mg/dl/2.8)] + [glucose(mg/dl/18)]									
	ADMISSION	HOUR 1 - 6	HOUR 6 - 12		HOUR 12 - 2	24	DAY 2		DAY 3		
ACTIVITY	☐ Bedrest - Admit to ICU / 2S	☐ Bedrest	☐ Bedrest		☐ OOB as tolera	ted 🗆	☐ OOB as tolerated		☐ OOB as tolerated		
TEST SPECIMENS DIET IV FLUIDS	Admission Weight CBC c diff STAT BMP Lipid Profile Serum Ketones HgB A1C UA-C&S as indicated CXR EKG ABGs if Bicarb < 15 Accuchek q 1 hr Intake and Output NPO	☐ Accuchek q 1 hr ☐ Intake and Output ☐ NPO ☐ #2 1000 ml NS over 2 hr * ☐ #3 1000 ml NS over 4 hr *: Change solution	□ BMP at hr 6 STAT □ Accuchek q 1 hr □ Intake and Output □ NPO □ #4 1000 ml 1/2 NS or D5 1/2 NS at 150-200 ml/hr . Adjust rate for hydration (I and 0)		Accuchek q 2 hr Intake and Output Access for ability to advance diet as tolerated Assess need to continue IV fluids		Weight BMP Continue Accuchek q 2 hr until insulin drip: discontinue - then - Accuchek 1/2 hr AC and HS Intake and Output Calories ADA Diet HS Snack Fluids as indicated Convert IV to Saline Lock		Accuchek 1/2 hr AC and HS Intake and Output Calories ADA Diet HS Snack Discontinue Saline Lock		
		to D5 1/2 NS or D5W if BS < 250 ☐ Fluid type depends on osmolar state		as needed							
MEDS (continued on next pg)	Insulin Drip, Regular Human Insulin 0.1 unit/kg as bolus, followed by 0.1 unit/kg per hr as drip until BS ≤ 250, then 1-2 unit insulin per hr to keep BS in 150-250 range	☐ Continue Insulin Drip	☐ Continu	ue Insulin Drip	☐ Continue Insul	Dri Cov HS	p** Sliding verage 1.5 (Regula	stinue Insulin scale insulin /2 hr AC and ar Insulin) SQ meds as	☐ Regular Insulin Sliding scale 1/2 hour before lunch & HS. Cover only BS > 300 ☐ Begin Novolin or Humulin 70/30 0.1 units / kg / 24hr SQ		

Clinical pathways are tools to facilitate and guide multi-disciplinary patient care. They do not represent a standard of care or replace physician orders or clinical judgment. Modifications are made based on documented individual patient needs.

PART OF THE MEDICAL RECORD

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	ADMISSION	HOUR 1 - 6	HOUR 6 - 12	HOUR 12 - 24	DAY 2	DAY 3
MEDS (continued)					** Do not discontinue Insulin drip after 8 pm	* 2/3 of calculated dose 30 min before breakfast * 1/3 of calculated dose 30 min before dinner Hold Insulin if NPO
CONSULTS				☐ Dietary - Diabetes Educator ☐ Social Services - Case Mgmnt Coordinator if indicated	☐ As indicated for discharge planning	
DISCHARGE PLANNING			☐ Assess discharge needs and document ☐ Review LOS with patient and family		☐ Establish discharge plan with patient and family ☐ Assess & arrange need for home assistance & distribution of supplies	☐ Arrange for discharge needs
PATIENT TEACHING	☐ Orient patient to room, call light and floor routines.		☐ Explain diagnosis & and course of treatment	☐ Review plan of care with patient and family ☐ Education and skills assessment ☐ Implement Diabetes Teaching Form ☐ Begin Insulin Instruction with patient & family. Patient to observe injection and BGM.	TEACH: Hypoglycemia Foot Care Dietician - Nutrition w/ nurse reinforcing PATIENT: Practice injection + BGM -then- Patient does own injection and BGM Encourage patient to watch channel 3 Diabetes Video	
EVALUATION		Initials	Initials	Initials	Initials	Initials
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